Name:		Class:		Date:	ID: A
Medical	Conditions	Practice	5	28-{	
True/False Indicate wi	hether the stateme	nt is true or false.			
True 1.	Hypoglycemia th	nat is not treated can lead to	insulin	shock.	
True 2.	Diabetes can ofte	en be treated through proper	diet m	anagement.	
True 3.	Diabetic ketoacie	dosis can become life threat	ening.		
False 4.	A carbohydrate s	snack eaten 30 minutes after	r activit	y may help to control bloo	d sugar levels in diabetics.
Folse 5.	Hypoglycemic a	thletes should avoid sugar a	t the or	set of symptoms.	
Folse 7.  Multiple (	hether the stateme Diabetic coma is A person having Choice	ent is true or false. If false, constitutions of too much insurts a petit mal seizure usually completes the statement or a	lin in th	onsciousness. <u>Gvane</u>	
	Insulin is a horm  a blood sugar  b. body tempe		c. d.	oxygen levels. energy levels.	
<u>C</u> 9.	People who are parents are playing footb. playing hoc			participating in sports at participating in equestrial	great heights.
B 10.	a. try to stop to prevent the c. administer of d. prevent a cr	victim or anyone else from CPR. cowd from gathering.	getting	hurt.	
<u>v</u> 11.	a. wheezing b. shortness of	llowing is NOT a symptom  f breath	or astm c,		

## **Short Answer**

12. What are the symptoms of someone who is experiencing hypoglycemia?

Name:	- Hogata	) \	
	Trackice	heat	

ID: A

- 13. List five symptoms of appendicitis.
- 14. Describe the general symptoms of diabetes mellitus and the signs and symptoms of diabetic ketoacidosis. What should you do if the athlete shows signs and symptoms of diabetic ketoacidosis?
- 15. List two preventative measures that can be taken to avoid the transmission of a cold or flu virus to an entire team.